English Curriculum Map 2024-25

Intent – The English curriculum aims to build students' cultural capital, reading skills, oracy skills and vocabulary through analysis and exploration of a wide range of textual genres and eras (non-fiction, poetry, 19th century, Shakespearean plays and the modern novel), which still form the cornerstone of modern society. By analysing a range of texts and authorial voices, which are grouped thematically each year around concepts such as 'conflict' for year 7 and 'social justice' for year 8, students are encouraged to personally engage with a wide variety of challenging themes, ideas, characters and concepts which will broaden and test their current world view. Students will be prompted to mimic and experiment with methods employed y great writers and speakers in order to develop their own communication skills through weekly extended writing opportunities.

The development of analytical skills across KS3 will build a strong foundational knowledge required for the rigorous requirements of the GCSE and A-Level course.

Through this challenging and broad curriculum, we aim to develop resilient learners, who are able to evaluate society and their role within it and confident to eloquently express their views on this.

plementation						
Term 1	2	3	4	5	6	
ear 7 War and Conflict Poetry In this introductory poetry unit	In this unit students will learn	Introduction to Shakespeare: A Midsummer Night's Dream	A Midsummer Night's Dream	Greek Myths In this unit students will be	Greek Myths and Introduction to Rhetoric	
In this introductory poetry unit, students will be introduced to the theme of conflict through a wide-ranging selection of poems which explore different historical backgrounds. Students will explore how writers express themselves and convey their personal perspective on conflict. By learning about the different contexts of each poem, students will learn how to explain the writer's message. As part of this unit, students will also do their own poetry writing, mimicking and experimenting with the methods that they have analysed in the poems that they have studied. Students will also start to develop their oracy skills through learning how to have a successful discussion with their peers about the poems that they study, and also key presentational talk skills such as	In this unit, students will learn the foundation skills to writing creatively. They will be exposed to a range of descriptive texts which they will mimic in their own writing. Students will learn two key concepts of creative writing: characterisation and description of setting. As well as creating their own pieces of descriptive writing, students will learn how to read, decode and understand a descriptive text. Students will continue to develop their oracy skills by using exploratory talk to discuss ideas about narrative construction with their peers. Key skills: How to convey meaning through descriptive writing	After the assessments, students will read 'A Midsummer Night's Dream'. They will explore how Shakespeare examines the central themes of love, gender and conflict. Students will learn how to read, understand and decode a Shakespearean text. Students will also develop their understanding of Elizabethan England, with a focus on the patriarchal society, which will form a foundation knowledge needed for their study of Greek Myths at the end of Y7, Romeo and Juliet in Y8, The Crucible and Of Mice and Men in Y9, and Macbeth in Y10. As part of this unit, students will continue to develop their speaking and listening skills by developing their presentational oracy skills. At the end of the unit, students will be assessed on their oracy skills.	In this unit, students will use their knowledge of 'A Midsummer Night's Dream' to build foundation literature skills. They will learn how to effectively plan and write a response to an essay question through learning how to form an argument and how to prove this argument through analysis of language, structure and form. Key skills: Learn how to form an argument Learn how to prove an argument through evidence from the text Learn how to analyse language to prove an argument This unit will help lay the foundation skills that	messages of the Greek myths and how they can apply this to the modern day.	After the end of year assessments, students will continue to study Greek myth and use the myths to begin th study of rhetoric by using key ideas/concepts explored in the myths to present their own speech. Key skills: Composition of presentational speech Fluency in presentation speech. Projection, intonation and gesture in presentational speech KS4 links: Through learning class terminology such as 'tragic hero, 'hamartia and 'hubris', students build a foundational	

	 Reading for meaning Decoding words to develop a deeper understanding of the text Learning how to identify key language and structural features in a poem Learning how to explain the impact of the different language and structural features in a poem. Learning about how writer's use different language structure and form to present their message KS4 Links: This unit will help lay the foundation skills that students need to have in order to study the 'Power and Conflict' unit as part of their Literature GCSE. 	 how to use ambitious punctuation correctly Students will learn how to explain their language choices KS4 links: This unit will help lay the foundation skills that students need to have in order to write their own piece of descriptive writing and read/understand a fiction text in their Language GCSE. 	 Forming an argument. Evaluating a statement. Presentational speaking skills. KS4 links This unit will help lay the foundation skills that students need to have in order to study 'Macbeth' in their Literature GCSE. 		'tragic hero, 'hamartia' and 'hubris', students will build a foundational knowledge needed for their study of 'Romeo and Juliet' in Y8 and 'Macbeth' in Y10.	and Juliet' in Y8 and 'Macbeth' in Y10.
Year 8	Romeo and Juliet In this unit, students will continue to develop their understanding of Shakespeare. They will continue to explore	Romeo and Juliet and Creative Writing In this unit, students will use their knowledge of 'Romeo and Juliet' to build on their	Revision for Mid-Year assessments and Animal Farm At the start of this term, students will be revising 'Romeo and Juliet' and revisiting creative	Animal Farm In this unit, students will continue their study of Animal farm with a focus on analytical	Social Justice: poetry and non- fiction In this unit, students will continue to explore the theme of social justice through a range	Revision for End of Year Exams and continuation of Social Justice unit After their end of year assessments, students will
	how Shakespeare examines the central themes of love, gender and conflict but through the lens of the tragic genre.	foundation literature skills that they developed in Y7. They will learn how to effectively plan and write a response to an essay	After the assessments, students	writing. They will continue to build on skills developed in Y7 and the start of Y8 about how to successfully create a coherent	of poetry and non-fiction writing. Students will build upon their knowledge of poetical form and structure from Y7 and	continue their study of the social justice unit. As part of this unit, students will
	Students will learn how to read, understand and decode a Shakespearean text.	question through learning how to form an argument and how to prove this argument through analysis of language, structure and form.	will start reading 'Animal Farm'. In this unit, students will begin to explore the theme of 'social justice' and will understand Orwell's key messages about	argument and prove this with evidence from the text. Key skills: Learn how to form an	continue to explore how writer's express their ideas/perspectives through the mode of poetry. When reading non-fiction sources, students will learn how	continue to develop their oracy skills by working towards their own presentation about the topic 'social justice', using the knowledge that they have
	As part of this unit, students will continue to develop their		power and corruption through teaching of key contextual	argument	to decode and understand the writer's perspective around the	gained from reading a wide-

speaking and listening skills by developing their presentational oracy skills. At the end of the unit, students will be assessed on their oracy skills.

Key skills:

- Forming an argument.
- Proving an argument through evidencing the text
- Evaluating a statement.
- Exploratory speaking skills.
- Presentational speaking skills.

KS4 links

 This unit will help lay the foundation skills that students need to have in order to study 'Macbeth' in their Literature GCSE. In the second half of this unit, students will revisit creative writing and learn how to form a successful narrative through exposure to different fiction extracts.

Key skills:

- Forming an argument
- Proving an argument through evidencing the text
- Learn how to analyse language to prove an argument

KS4 links

- This unit will help build upon the foundation knowledge that students gained in Y7 to support their study of 'Macbeth' in their Literature GCSE.
- This unit will help lay the foundation skills that students need to have in order to write their own piece of descriptive writing and read/understand a fiction text in their Language GCSE.

knowledge such as the Russian Revolution, the concept of a dystopian world and the use of propaganda.

As part of this unit, students will continue to develop their exploratory and presentational oracy skills through class discussions, debates and presentations about the demonstration of characters/themes within the novella.

Key skills:

- Forming an argument.
- Proving an argument through evidencing the text
- Evaluating a statement.
- Exploratory speaking skills.
- Presentational speaking skills.

KS4 links:

 This unit will form a foundational knowledge about how the themes of class and social quality are explored in literature. This will support students in their study 'An Inspector Calls' in Y10.

- Learn how to prove an argument through evidence from the text
- Learn how to analyse language to prove an argument

Key skills:

- Forming an argument
- Proving an argument through evidencing the text
- Learn how to analyse language to prove an argument
- Exploratory oracy skills

KS4 links:

 This unit will help lay the foundation skills that students need to study and write about the texts on their Literature GCSE. central ideas of racism, gender, social class and equality.

Key skills:

- Reading and decoding non-fiction texts
- Learning how to identify key language and structural features in a poem
- Learning how to explain the impact of the different language and structural features in a poem.
- Learning about how writer's use different language structure and form to present their message

KS4 links:

- This unit will help lay the foundation skills that students need to study and write about the poems in the 'Power and Conflict' anthology as part of their Literature GCSE.
- This unit will also support students in developing their understanding of non-fiction texts by reading and producing them. This will support students be successful in their Language GCSE.

ranging selection of non-fiction sources.

Key skills:

- Composition of presentational speech.
- Fluency in presentational speech.
- Projection, intonation and gesture in presentational speech.

KS4 links:

- This unit will help lay the foundation skills that students need to study and write about the poems in the 'Power and Conflict' anthology as part of their Literature GCSE.
- This unit will also support students in developing their understanding of non-fiction texts by reading and producing them. This will support students be successful in their Language GCSE.

Year 9

The Crucible

In this unit, students will continue to explore themes of gender, power, and identity within the historical backdrop of the Salem witch trials. They will examine how societal norms and gender roles shape characters' actions and fates, particularly focusing on the persecution of women accused of witchcraft. Through the play's portrayal of power dynamics and the abuse of authority by figures like Judge Danforth, students analyse broader themes of social hierarchy and the consequences of moral choices on individual identity.

Key Skills:

- Forming an argument.
- Evaluating a statement.
- Presentational speaking skills.

KS4 links:

 Students will explore key themes such as individual morality, persecution and subversion of gender norms which will lay the foundations for their study of Macbeth, Jekyll and Hyde and An Inspector Calls at KS4.

The Crucible

In this unit, students will continue their study of The Crucible, using it as a basis for analytical writing. They will focus on forming a coherent argument and supporting it with textual references. They will understand the difference between writing about prose and drama and apply this to their own writing.

Key Skills:

- Writing a thesis.
- Writing about dramatic devices.
- Writing about multiple interpretations.

KS4 links:

 Students will explore key themes such as individual morality, persecution and subversion of gender norms which will lay the foundations for their study of Macbeth, Jekyll and Hyde and An Inspector Calls at KS4.

Of Mice and Men

In this unit, students explore themes of gender, power, and identity. Through the character of Curley's Wife, they will understand how the portrayal of women in literature has changed over time as compared with the presentation of Juliet by Shakespeare in their Y8 module. Through the microcosm of the ranch, students will come to understand that the strive for power is part of the human condition, which will deepen their understanding of characters such as Macbeth, Dr. Jekyll and Arthur Birling in their KS4 modules. They will also consider how the characters' struggle to forge their own identity in a society where they are limited by their race, gender or social status.

Key Skills:

- Learn how to write about symbols and motifs in literature.
- Learn how to write about a writer's structural choices.

KS4 links:

 Central themes of power, conflict, identity and gender which will appear in Macbeth, Jekyl & Hyde, An Inspector Calls and Power & Conflict poetry.

A Study of Rhetoric

In this unit, students will build on the oracy skills they have developed in years 7&8 with a focus on presentational speaking. Students will learn the key elements of great rhetoric and how to manipulate them for different types of presentational speaking.

Key Skills:

- Composition of presentational speech.
- Fluency in presentational speech.
- Projection, intonation and gesture in presentational speech.

KS4 Links:

- Students' study of rhetoric will give them a greater understanding of non-fiction writing and its purpose, preparing them for Language Paper 2 in KS4.
- Students will develop non-fiction writing skills which will support them in Language Paper 2, Section B.
- Students will develop their oracy skills which will build their confidence and support them in their Spoken Language assessment in KS4.

Introduction to Gothic and Victorian Literature

In this unit, students will continue to explore the central themes of power, gender and identity through their study of Victorian Gothic Literature. They will explore how these stories often depict a battle between light and darkness, showcasing the moral struggles and sinister forces the characters face. They will gain an understanding of how authors us Gothic conventions such as eerie settings, supernatural elements, and psychological horror to create an atmosphere of suspense and mystery. Students will understand how writers use these elements to convey deeper messages about human nature and society.

Key Skills:

- Writing about literary conventions.
- Writing about symbols and motifs.
- Writing about structure.

KS4 Links:

 Students will gain an understanding of
 Victorian context which will give them a solid foundation on which to understand the context

Revision for End of Year Exams and continuation of Gothic and Victorian Literature

In this unit, students will continue their study of gothic literature whilst revising for their end of year exams.

Term	1	2	 Refining analytical skills. Revisiting and revising thesis construction. 	4	in which Stevenson wrote Jekyll and Hyde. Students will understand Gothic Literary Conventions which will prepare them for their study of Jekyll and Hyde.	6
Year 10	Macbeth In this unit, students will learn about the themes of power, gender, and identity through the lens of Shakespeare's most famous tragedy. They will explore how the pursuit of power leads to ambition, corruption, and moral downfall, as seen in Macbeth's transformation from a noble warrior to a tyrannical ruler. They will also explore the theme of gender; particularly through Lady Macbeth's manipulation and subversion of Jacobean gender norms. Additionally, students will analyse how characters struggle with their identities, as Macbeth's sense of self deteriorates under guilt and paranoia.	Language Paper 1 In this unit, students will develop essential skills in reading and writing. They will learn to analyse and interpret unseen fiction texts, focusing on understanding the writer's use of language, structure, and form to create effects and convey meaning. Additionally, students will practice descriptive and narrative writing, honing their ability to craft engaging, coherent, and imaginative pieces. This unit enhances critical thinking and comprehension which will also serve them in their study of the literature texts. It will also allow them to use their imagination and express themselves creatively; an essential skill both	An Inspector Calls In this unit, students will learn about the themes of class, gender and equality through the lens of Priestley's political play. Students will use their understanding of the historical context of the play, alongside their understanding of key political concepts to evaluate the treatment and attitude of characters within the play. They will learn how to evaluate the actions of certain characters and then apply this to our modernday society by considering: what makes a fair society? How do we achieve equality within society? They will practise the skill of weaving this contextual knowledge into their analysis of how a character is presented and whether they change across	Jekyll and Hyde In this unit, students will utilise their developed critical analysis skills to delve into the Victorian novella 'The Strange Case of Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde'. Students will explore how Stevenson builds tension throughout the story by considering the narrative development and characterisation. Students will explore some of the key aspects of contextual influence: including Victorian repression, class conflict and attitudes towards science/religion. Students will purposefully unpick extracts and use of language in order to comment on the construction of an intentional message by Stevenson and practise the skill of drawing links between the extract and whole	Jekyll and Hyde + Literature skills In this unit, students will continue their study of Jekyll and Hyde. In the second half of this unit, students will begin revisiting Macbeth to prepare for their end of year and exam. Students will also continue to develop their literature essay skills through independent practise.	Revision for End of Year Exams and Speaking and Listening At the start of this term, students will revisit Macbeth, Jekyll and Hyde and Language paper 1 to prepare them for their end of year assessments. After the assessments, students will complete their speaking and listening presentations for the AQA spoken language endorsement. These will allow students to put their persuasive writing skills into practise and develop their presentational skills. Key Skills: Composition of presentational speech.
	 Writing about historical context and how this shapes writer's meaning and message. Constructing a thesis. Writing about layers of meaning. 	in the classroom and beyond. Key skills: Writing analytically about a fiction text Understanding how to explain the effect of writer's language and structural choices How to construct figurative language for effect	 Key skills: Writing about historical context and how this shapes writer's meaning and message. Constructing a thesis. Writing about layers of meaning when analysing language. 	 Key skills: Writing about historical context and how this shapes writer's meaning and message. Constructing a thesis. Writing about layers of meaning. 		 Fluency in presentational speech. Projection, intonation and gesture in presentational speech.

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		 How to convey meaning 				
		through descriptive				
		writing				
Year 11	Power and Conflict Poetry	Language Paper 2	Literature Paper 2 Revision	Literature Paper 1 Revision	Revision of GCSE Language and	
					<u>Literature.</u>	
	In this unit, students will be	In this unit, students will develop	Students will revise key	Students will revise key		
	exposed to a range of poetry	critical skills in analysing and	knowledge for An Inspector	knowledge for Jekyll and Hyde,	Interleaving of all texts, skills and	
	from 17 th Century to the modern	comparing non-fiction texts.	Calls, Power and Conflict poetry	and Macbeth. The focus of this	strategies. The focus areas will	
	day. They will explore how poets	They will learn to identify and	and unseen poetry. The focus of	module is to refine essay writing	be based on weaknesses in	
	use form, structure and language	evaluate the writer's viewpoints	this module is to refine essay	skills and to build students'	mocks taken this year.	
	to express themselves and	and perspectives, understanding	writing skills and to build	confidence to write thoughtfully		
	convey ideas around the central	how language and structure are	students' confidence to write	and coherently in timed		
	theme of power and conflict.	used to influence and inform	thoughtfully and coherently in	conditions.		
		readers. Additionally, students	timed conditions.			
	Students will gain an	will practice writing to present				
	understanding of the context in	their own viewpoints, crafting	Key skills:	Key skills:		
	which a poem is written and why	well-structured arguments,				
	a writer might choose to write in	letters, articles, and other	 Writing about historical 	 Writing about historical 		
	this particular time period. They	persuasive texts. This	context and how this	context and how this		
	will build upon their knowledge	preparation enhances their	shapes writer's meaning	shapes writer's meaning		
	of context from previous texts		and message.	and message.		
	and their understanding of poetic	real-world issues, improve their	 Constructing a thesis. 	 Constructing a thesis. 		
	features.	argumentative writing, and	 Writing about layers of 	 Writing about layers of 		
		become more effective	meaning when analysing	meaning when analysing		
		communicators.	language.	language.		
	Key skills:					
	 Reading for meaning 	Key skills:				
	 Understanding a writer's 	 Reading and decoding 				
	intention	non-fiction texts				
	 Writing about a text as a 	 Learning how to identify 				
	construct	key language and				
	 Learning how language 	structural features in a				
	shapes meaning	poem				
	 Understanding how form 	 Learning how to explain 				
	and structure can be	the impact of the				
	used to shape meaning	different language and				
	 Learning how to compare 	structural features in a				
	the perspective of	poem.				
	different poets	 Learning about how 				
		writer's use different				
		language structure and				
		form to present their				
		message				

Term	1	2	3	4	5	6
Year 12	Rossetti Poetry and The Great Gatsby	Topic: Rossetti Poetry and The Great Gatsby	Topic: A Doll's House and Rossetti Poetry comparison The Tempest	Topic: A Doll's House and Rossetti poetry comparison and The Tempest	Topic: The World's Wife and 'A Streetcar Named Desire	Topic: The World's Wife and A Streetcar Named Desire
	At A-level, we have two units running concurrently, taught by different teachers. Skills for each unit are the same and the essay writing skills are also the same. The majority of the reading is done during this half term.	In term 2, we continue with reading and analysing the same texts. Since the majority of the reading is frontloaded in the first term, this term is used to teach essay writing skills on the texts before we introduce comparison. In these units, students will:	In term 3, we introduce the comparative element to students for Paper 1 Section B. We read Ibsen's play 'A Doll's House' and compare it to Rossetti's poetry. Concurrently, we also read 'The Tempest' for Paper 1 Section A. In this half term, the focus is on:	In half term 4, we consolidate comparative essay writing skills for Rossetti and Ibsen, and analysis essay writing skills for The Tempest. After we have read 'The Tempest', We also introduce the second element of the exam (Section A Part B) which is	In Half term 5, we start Component 3: Literature post- 1900 which is the coursework unit. The majority of the reading is done this half term. Again, we have two units taught concurrently. In these units, students will build on the skills they have learned throughout	In the last half term, we continue reading and analysing the same texts. In this half term students will: • complete the planning process and first piece of coursework which is the 1000 word essay on a poem of their choice
	 In these units, students will: Read, analyse a collection of 15 Rossetti poems (Paper 1 Section B), do an introduction to American ideology and literature Read 'The Great Gatsby' (Paper 2 Section B). 	 Practice comparative essay writing skills Practice writing about the texts incorporating context and critical theories/named critics opinions. 	 students understanding the plot, characters and themes in the play practising analysing how language and dramatic effects create meaning. Questions we investigate in this half term are: 	exploring how the play has been depicted and received from first production to the modern day. Questions we investigate this half term are: - How have specific character (Prospero,	 the year. In this half term the focus is on: Students understanding the themes, plot and characters/speakers across both texts. 	from Duffy's collection. consolidate knowledge and understanding of ASCND practise writing paragraphs which include all the different assessment objectives for comparative coursework
	Questions we investigate in this half term are: - What is the sociohistorical, biographical and literary context of 19 th century England, women's poetry and Rossetti? - What social issues does Rossetti comment on through her poems? - What is the sociohistorical/literary/biographical context of the Jazz Age and Fitzgerald? - What is American ideology and how has it	Skills: A01: Practise using concepts and terminology accurately A01: Practise coherent, accurate written expression A01: Construct clear, critical arguments linked to writer's purpose and context. A03: Understand and explore the social/historical/literary contexts in which the texts are written and received. A05: Explore literary theories such as Feminism, Marxism and Psychoanalysis and apply them to the texts. A05: Explore named critics'	 What is the sociohistorical, biographical and literary context of 19th century Norway, Realist/Naturalist drama and Ibsen? What social issues does Ibsen comment on through her poems? What are the connections and comparisons between Ibsen and Rossetti's viewpoints on social issues? What key concepts does Shakespeare comment 	Miranda, Ferdinand, Ariel, Caliban, the nobles, Stephano and Trinculo) been depicted over time? - How have audiences responded to the different characters and their depictions over time? Key Skills: A01: Practise using concepts and terminology accurately A01: Practise coherent, accurate written expression A01: Construct clear, critical arguments linked to writer's	 practising analysing how language, structure and form creates meaning Questions we investigate across the two units are: What is feminist theory? What patriarchal concepts is Duffy exposing/comment on/criticising on through her anthology. What is the sociohistorical/literary/biogra phical context of post WW2 America and 	Key Skills: A01: Practise using concepts and terminology accurately A01: Practise coherent, accurate written expression A01: Construct clear, critical arguments linked to writer's purpose and context. A02: Analyse the ways in which meaning is created through language, structure and form. A03: Understand and explore the social/historical/literary contexts in which the texts are written and received. A05: Explore literary theories
	influenced 20 th century American Literature?	opinions on texts and apply them to texts.	on through his play? - How does Shakespeare use language and	purpose and context. A02: Analyse the way in which meaning is created through	Williams? - What social issues and concepts does Williams	such as Feminism, Marxism and Psychoanalysis and apply it to texts.

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	- What American social		dramatic effects to	language and its dramatic	comment on through his	A05: Explore named critics'
	issues does Fitzgerald		create meaning?	effects.	play?	opinions on texts and engage
	comment on through the			A03: Understand and explore		with critics in essays.
	novel?			the social/historical/literary	Key Skills:	
				contexts in which the texts are	A01: Reading for meaning and	
			Key Skills:	written and received.	understanding	
	Key Skills:		A01: Reading for meaning and	A04: Explore contrasts,	A01: Construct clear, critical	
	A01: Reading for meaning and		understanding	connections and comparisons	arguments linked to writer's	
	understanding		A01: Construct clear, critical	between the texts.	purpose and context.	
	A01: Construct clear, critical		arguments linked to writer's	A05: Explore literary theories	A03: Understand and explore	
	arguments linked to writer's		purpose.	such as Feminism and	the social/historical/literary	
	purpose and context.		A01: Practise using concepts and	Postcolonialism and apply it to	•	
	A03: Understand and explore			texts.	contexts in which the texts are	
	the social/historical/literary		terminology accurately	A05: Explore named critics'	written and received.	
	contexts in which the texts are		A01: Practise coherent, accurate	•	A05: Explore literary theories	
			written expression	opinions on texts and engage	such as Feminism, Marxism and	
	written and received.		A02: Analyse the way in which	with critics in essays.	Psychoanalysis and apply it to	
	A05: Explore literary theories		meaning is created through		texts.	
	such as Feminism, Marxism and		language and its dramatic		A05: Explore named critics'	
	Psychoanalysis.		effects.		opinions on texts.	
	A05: Explore named critics'		A03: Understand and explore			
	opinions on texts.		the social/historical/literary			
			contexts in which the texts are			
			written and received.			
			A04: Explore contrasts,			
			connections and comparisons			
			between the texts.			
			A05: Explore literary theories			
			such as Feminism and			
			Postcolonialism and apply it to			
			texts.			
			A05: Explore named critics'			
			opinions on texts.			
Year 13	The Grapes of Wrath and Open	The Grapes of Wrath and The	American synoptic and Paper 1	American synoptic and Paper 1,	Paper 1 and Paper 2 Revision	
	Water	Great Gatsby comparison,	Revision	Paper 2 Section B Revision		
		ASCND and Open Water			Interleaving of all texts, skills and	
		comparison			strategies. The focus areas will	
					be based on weaknesses in AP2	
	La de la lace de la companya de la c	La deservate de la companya della companya de la companya della co	1. 11. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	I to the to harde to the second	mocks.	
	In this half term, students will	In this half term, students will	In this half term students will	In this half term, students will		
	read and analyse the second text	revisit The Great Gatsby to	concurrently revise Paper 1	continue to concurrently revise		
	for Paper 2- The Grapes of	introduce the comparative	(Rossetti and Ibsen and The	Paper 1 (Rossetti and Ibsen and		
	Wrath and read and analyse the	element of Paper 2, comparing	Tempest), and complete the	The Tempest), Paper 2		
	second text for the comparative	the text with The Grapes of	learning for Paper 2 Section A:	(Fitzgerald and Steinbeck) and		
	coursework piece.	Wrath. The skills and essay	American Literature 1880-1940.	complete the learning for Paper		
	·	structure are the same as		l		
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In these units students will:

- Revisit American ideology and literature
- Understand the plot, characters and themes of TGOW
- Understand the plot, characters and themes of OW.

Questions we will investigate this half term are:

- What is the sociohistorical/literary/biogra phical context of The Great Depression and
- What is American ideology and how has it influenced 20th century American Literature?
- What American social issues does Steinbeck comment on through the novel?
- How does Azumah
 Nelson use language,
 structure and form to
 create meaning?
- What social issues and concepts does Azumah Nelson comment on?

Key Skills:

A01: Reading for meaning and understanding
A01: Construct clear, critical arguments linked to writer's purpose and context.
A03: Understand and explore the social/historical/literary contexts in which the texts are written and received.
A05: Explore literary theories and apply them to texts.

Rossetti and Ibsen which is practised extensively in Year 12.

Concurrently, students will also re-visit ASCND and compare it with Open Water.

In these units, students will:

- Consolidate their understanding of both named texts for Paper 2 Section B.
- Practice comparative essay writing skills
- Practice writing about the texts incorporating context and critical theories/named critics opinions.
- Read critical articles about the coursework texts and apply literary theories to the coursework texts.
- complete the planning process and second piece of coursework which is the 2000 word comparative essay on a theme of their choice from the texts.

Key Skills:

A01: Practise using concepts and terminology accurately
A01: Practise coherent, accurate written expression
A01: Construct clear, critical arguments linked to writer's purpose and context.
A02: Analyse the ways in which meaning is created through language, structure and form.

In these units students will:

- Refine essay writing skills and to build students' confidence to write thoughtfully and coherently in timed conditions.
- Learn how to write essays for Paper 2
 Section A synoptic (same skills as Tempest A)
- Read key extracts from works of American Literature in the Gilded Age and Progressive Age thinking about how they are representative of the American Literature canon.
- Explore how writers use language, form and structure to create meaning.

Questions we will investigate this half term are:

- What is the sociohistorical and literary context of The Gilded Age and The Progressive Era, Realism and Naturalism.
- How do the contextual elements influence the writer's message?

Key Skills:

A01: Practise using concepts and terminology accurately
A01: Practise coherent, accurate written expression
A01: Construct clear, critical arguments linked to writer's purpose and context.

2 Section A: American Literature 1880-1940.

In these units, students will:

- Refine essay writing skills and to build students' confidence to write thoughtfully and coherently in timed conditions.
- Read key extracts from works of American Literature in the Jazz Age and Great Depression thinking about how they are representative of the American Literature canon.
- Explore how writers use language, form and structure to create meaning.

Questions we will investigate this half term are:

- Revise the sociohistorical and literary context of The Jazz Age, The Great Depression, Modernism and Naturalism.
- How do the contextual elements influence the writer's message?

Key Skills:

A01: Practise using concepts and terminology accurately
A01: Practise coherent, accurate written expression
A01: Construct clear, critical arguments linked to writer's purpose and context.

A05: Explore named critics'	A03: Understand and explore	A02: Analyse the ways in which	A02: Analyse the ways in which	
opinions on texts and apply	the social/historical/literary	meaning is created through	meaning is created through	
them to texts	contexts in which the texts are	language, structure and form.	language, structure and form.	
	written and received.	A03: Understand and explore	A03: Understand and explore	
	A04: Explore contrasts,	the social/historical/literary	the social/historical/literary	
	connections and comparisons	contexts in which the texts are	contexts in which the texts are	
	between the texts.	written and received.	written and received.	
	A05: Explore literary theories	A04: Explore contrasts,	A04: Explore contrasts,	
	such as Feminism, Marxism and	connections and comparisons	connections and comparisons	
	Psychoanalysis and apply it to	between the texts.	between the texts.	
	texts.	A05: Explore literary theories	A05: Explore literary theories	
	A05: Explore named critics'	such as Feminism, Marxism and	such as Feminism, Marxism and	
	opinions on texts and engage	Psychoanalysis and apply it to	Psychoanalysis and apply it to	
	with critics in essays.	texts.	texts.	
		A05: Explore named critics'	A05: Explore named critics'	
		opinions on texts and engage	opinions on texts and engage	
		with critics in essays.	with critics in essays.	

Impact:

Assessment: Progress will be measured through the fortnightly language mini mocks; which teachers will give one-page feedback on (all key stages) and grade for KS4. Every fortnight, teachers will have a 90-minute feedback lesson to address misconceptions seen in marking and give students an opportunity to redraft their work based on feedback given. As well as this, students will sit a graded assessment at two points across the year. This will be a United Learning Reading and Writing assessment for KS3, an AQA Language/Literature paper for KS4 and an OCR Literature past paper for KS5. The results from this will be shared with students and used to inform necessary intervention and set changes.

Homework:

Across KS3, homework focusses on building reading skills and improving students' reading ages. All KS3 students will be building their reading skills through the use of the Sparx Reader programme, which will broaden their vocabulary alongside their lessons.

Y10 – In Y10, students will continue to use Sparx reader, alongside the online platform Seneca where students will revisit key literature knowledge from lessons to support them with their revision. Before assessment periods, students will also have an additional piece of written homework to help prepare them for their exams.

Y11 – In Y11, students will continue to use the online platform Seneca to revise key literature content. They will also have weekly quotations to learn which they will be tested on in the memory platform of a lesson once a week. Students will also be given a weekly literature task to complete independently to support their revision.